IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 2, line 10 with the following amended paragraph:

The disclosed method and apparatus includes a transmitter for transmitting ACK/NAK information on an ACK/NAK channel, and a channel gate for gating the ACK/NAK channel based on whether a companion receiver has detected a matching preamble in a data unit received by the receiver. In one embodiement embodiment, the data unit is a first data unit in a series of data units comprising a data packet, and the channel gate may prevent transmission of the ACK/NAK channel when the receiver has failed to receive the matching preamble in the data unit. In one embodiement embodiment, the transmitter may include a BPSK modulator for modulating the ACK/NAK information, and a multiplier for Walsh covering a result of the BPSK modulator to produce Walsh covered ACK/NAK information for transmission on the ACK/NAK channel. The method and apparatus may include a summer for summing the ACK/NAK channel and a data rate control/pilot channel. The ACK/NAK channel in an exemplary embodiment may be for have a duration of a portion of a time slot.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 3, line 27 with the following amended paragraph:

FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary communication system 100 capable of implementing embodiments of the invention. A first terminal 104 transmits signals to a second terminal 106 over a forward link 108a, and receives signals from the second terminal 106 over a reverse link 108b. Terminals 104 and 106 may be operating as a transmitter unit or a receiver unit, or both concurrently, depending on whether data is being transmitted from, or received at, the respective terminals 104 and 106. Terminals 106 and 104 may be respectively a mobile station (MS) and a base station (BS) or any other communication communication devices. Forward and reverse links 108a and 108b may be electromagnetic spectra or wirline wireline. A BS controller 102 may be coupled to BS 104 for controlling communication system 100.

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

Customer No.: 23696

Please replace the last paragraph on page 4, commencing on line 24, with the following amended paragraph:

In general, a communication link comprises a set of channels carrying logically distinct types of information. These channels may be transmitted according to a scheme of time division multiplexing (TDM), code division multiplexing (CDM), frequency division multiplexing (FDM), or a combination thereof. In a TDM scheme, the channels are distinguished in time domain, where the channels are transmitted one at a time. In a CDM scheme, the channels may be distinguished by a pseudorandom orthogonal sequence. A code division communication system is disclosed in U.S. Patent Serial No. 5,103,459, entitled "SYSTEM AND METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR GENERATING SIGNAL WAVEFORMS IN A CDMA CELLULAR TELEPHONE SYSTEM HIGH RATE PACKET DATA TRANSMISSION" assigned to the assignee of the present invention and incorporated by reference herein.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 5, line 16 with the following amended paragraph:

In an exemplary embodiment, each MS monitors at least one signal quality metric of signals received from BSs. An MS (for example MS 106) receiving forward link signals from multiple BSs identifies the BS associated with the highest quality forward link signal (for example BS 104). MS 106 then generates a prediction of a data rate at which the packet error rate (PER) of data packets received from the selected BS 104 will not exceed a target PER. A target PER of approximately 2% may be used. MS 106 then computes a rate at which a "tail probability" is greater than or equal to the target PER. The tail probability is the probability that the actual signal quality during the packet transmission period is less than the signal quality required for successful decoding of a packet correctly at a given rate. MS 106 then sends a message on the reverse link 108b specifically to the selected BS 104, requesting the data rate at which the specific selected BS may transmit forward link data to the MS 104. The message may be sent on a data rate control channel (DRC). The use of DRC is disclosed in [[a]] application serial number 08/963,386 entitled: "A METHOD AND AN APPARATUS FOR HIGH RATE DATA PACKET TRANSMISSION," now U.S. Patent No. 6,574,211, issued June 3, 2003 to

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

Customer No.: 23696

Padovani et al., assigned to the assignee of the present invention, and incorporated by reference

herein. A dedicated reverse link medium access channel (R-MACCH) may be utilized for

carrying the DRC information, a reverse rate indicator (RRI), and selective acknowledgement

(SA) information.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 6, line 14 with the following amended

paragraph:

In one embodiement embodiment, the data packet for transmission includes a preamble

within the first time slot of each new forward link packet for identifying the intended destination

MS. Each MS receiving the preamble decodes the information and, based on the decoded

preamble, establishes whether it is the intended destination of the data packet. The intended

destination MS begins decoding the data in the associated time slot. The destination MS

determines the data rate of the data in the forward link based on the DRC request message. The

number of forward link time slots used to transmit a packet varies based on the data rate at which

the packet is sent. Packets sent at a lower rate are sent using a greater number of time slots. The

destination MS decodes the received data packet and evaluates a quality metric associated with

the received data packet. The quality metric of a packet may be defined by a formula in

accordance with a content of the packet, e.g., a parity bit, a cyclic redundancy check (CRC), and

etc. The evaluated quality metric and the quality metric contained in the received packet are

compared, and based on the comparison an appropriate SA is generated. The SA may be ACK

, and the second second

based, which includes sending an ACK message from the MS to the BS if a data packet is correctly decoded, and no message is sent when the data packet is incorrectly decoded. If the SA

is NAK based, which includes sending a NAK message is sent from the MS to the BS only if a

data packet is incorrectly decoded.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 8, line 7 with the following amended

paragraph:

FIG. 3 is an exemplary flowchart of a method for a BS to use a Quick Automatic Request

(QARQ) scheme to transmit or retransmit a packet to a MS in accordance with an embodiement

embodiment. At step 300, the BS receives a payload unit intended for transmission to a MS. At

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

Customer No.: 23696

step 302, the BS determines whether the payload unit is a payload unit to be transmitted or a payload unit to be retransmitted. A retransmission request may be initiated only by a radio link protocol (RLP) at this step. If the payload unit is to be transmitted, the method continues to step 306, in which the payload unit is provided to a first-time queue. If the payload unit is to be retransmitted, the method continues in step 304, in which the payload unit is provided to a retransmission queue. At step 308, the BS assembles payload units intended for a particular MS to a packet, the structure of which is determined in accordance with a transmission data rate. The data rate of the packet is based on the DRC feedback signal received over the reverse link from the destination MS. The data packet may be transmitted over multiple time slots. The first time slot is transmitted with the preamble. The preamble identifies the intended destination MS. The preamble could alternatively be transmitted in every forward link time slot. At step 310, the BS transmits the data packet in accordance with a scheduler order. After the data packet has been transmitted, the BS tests at step 312 if a SA corresponding to the transmitted data packet was

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 9, line 20 with the following amended paragraph:

At step 410, the evaluated quality metric and the quality metric information contained in the received packet are compared. If the evaluated quality metric and the quality metric contained in the received packet do not match, indicating improper decoding of the packet, an appropriate SA is sent at step 412. The SA may be a NAK response. A timer for the SA sent then starts at step 414. The purpose of the timer is to limit a period for which the MS waits for retransmission of the payload units of the incorrectly decoded packet. If the payload units of the incorrectly decoded packet are not received within the timer expiration period for the NAK[[,]] associated with the incorrectly decoded packet, the QARQ processing is aborted and the RLP handles the missing payload units.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 9, line 31 with the following amended paragraph:

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

Customer No.: 23696

received.

If the packet was correctly decoded at step 410, an appropriate SA is sent at step 416.

The payload unit(s) contained in the packet are then stored in a buffer at step 418. At step 420,

the RLP sequence number numbers of the payload units is tested against expected values of the

RLP sequence number numbers.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 10, line 3 with the following amended

paragraph:

If the RLP sequence number numbers indicates indicate contiguity, it means that all the

payload units of the packet transmitted to the MS were properly received. Consequently, all the

payload units with contiguous sequence numbers contained in the buffer are provided to an RLP

layer at step 424. If the RLP sequence number numbers indicates indicate non-contiguity, the

timer corresponding to the last NAK sent (which was started at step 414) is checked at step 422.

If the timer has not expired, the MS waits for retransmission of the missing payload units or

expiration of the timer for the last NAK sent.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 10, line 11 with the following amended

paragraph:

If the timer for a particular NAK, and consequently a particular set of missing payload

units has expired, the QARQ scheme for these payload units is aborted. All payload units

stored in the buffer with sequence number numbers higher than the missing payload units

associated with the particular NAK and lower than the missing units associated with the next

NAK (if any) are provided to an RLP layer at step 424.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 10, line 17 with the following amended

paragraph:

At step 426, the RLP layer checks the sequence numbers of the delivered payload units.

If the sequence number numbers indicates contiguity, the RLP layer delivers data from the

buffer to a data sink at step 428. Otherwise, the RLP layer generates an RLP message

requesting retransmission of the missing units at step 430. In one embodiment, the RLP

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

message requests retransmission of all of the missing units in the buffer. In another

embodiment, the RLP message requests retransmission of only the latest detected missing

payload units. At step 432, the message is transmitted over the reverse link to the serving BS.

Although an RLP processor is shown, other protocols allowing retransmission based on

sequence number methods can be utilized.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 12, commencing on line 15, with the

following amended paragraph:

If a packet was correctly decoded, the payload unit(s) contained in the packet are stored in

a buffer 528. The RLP sequence number number(s) of the payload unit(s) contained in the

packet is checked by the decoder 522 against an expected value of the RLP sequence number

number(s). If the RLP sequence number number(s) indicates contiguity, all the payload units

with contiguous sequence numbers contained in the buffer 528 are provided to a RLP processor

526. Otherwise, the timer 530, corresponding to the last NAK sent, is checked. If the time has

not expired, the payload units are stored in the buffer 528, and the MS 106 waits for

retransmission of the missing payload units or expiration of the timer 530 for the last NAK sent.

If the timer 530 for a particular NAK for a particular set of missing payload units has expired, all

payload units in the buffer 528 with sequence number numbers higher than the missing units

associated with the particular NAK and lower than the missing units associated with the next

NAK, if any, are provided to RLP processor 526.

Please replace the last paragraph on page 12, commencing on line 29, with the following

amended paragraph:

The RLP processor 526 checks the sequence numbers of the delivered payload units. If

the sequence number numbers indicates indicate contiguity, the RLP processor 526 delivers

data from the buffer 528 to the data sink 534. Otherwise, the RLP processor 526 instructs RLP

message generator 532 to generate an RLP message requesting retransmission of the missing

units. In one embodiment, the RLP message requests retransmission of all of the missing units

in the buffer 528. In another embodiment, the message requests retransmission of only the

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

Customer No.: 23696

latest detected missing payload units. The message is then transmitted over the reverse link

108B to BS 104.

Please replace the last paragraph on page 13, commencing on line 26, with the

following amended paragraph:

FIG. 6 illustrates a timing relationship between a packet received at MS 106 and an SA

transmitted from MS 106. In slots n-4 or n-3, MS 106 receives a packet over the forward

channel link 108A, and determines if the packet was intended for MS 106. The MS 106 discards

the packet if the packet was not intended for the MS 106. Otherwise, the MS 106 decodes the

packet, evaluates a quality metric of the packet, and compares the evaluated quality metric with

the quality metric contained in the packet in slots n 2 and n-1 n-4 or n-3. In slot n, MS 106 sends

an SA back to BS 104 over the reverse channel link 108B. In slot n+1, the SA received at BS

104 is decoded and provided to a QARQ controller. In slots n+2, n+3, BS 104 retransmits the

packet if so requested. The position of the slots on the received forward link channel 108A and

the reverse link channel 108B is synchronized at MS 106. Therefore, the relative position of

slots on the forward channel link 108A and the reverse channel link 108B is fixed. BS 104 can

measure a round trip delay between BS 104 and MS 106. Consequently, the time slot in which

the SA must arrive at the BS 104 can be ascertained.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 14, line 20 with the following amended

paragraph:

An exemplary block diagram of the pilot/DRC channel on the reverse link is shown in

FIG. 7 in accordance with an embodiement embodiment. The DRC message is provided to DRC

encoder 626, which encodes the message in accordance with a predetermined coding format.

Coding of the DRC message is important because the error probability of the DRC message

needs to be sufficiently low because incorrect forward link data rate determination impacts the

system throughput performance. In the exemplary embodiment, DRC encoder 626 is a rate (8,4)

CRC block encoder that encodes the 3-bit DRC message into an 8-bit code word. The encoded

DRC message is provided to multiplier 628, which covers the message with the Walsh code that

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

Customer No.: 23696

uniquely identifies the destination BS for which the DRC message is directed. The Walsh code

is provided by Walsh generator 624. The covered DRC message is provided to multiplexer

(MUX) 630, which multiplexes the message with the pilot data.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 15, line 31 with the following amended

paragraph:

The connected state may be divided into two logical states. The first logical connected

state may be defined as when the MS has received a preamble of a data packet and is either

awaiting or receiving data units subsequent to the first data unit that carried the preamble. The

second logical connected state is when the MS expects to receive a data packet but has not

detected the first data unit carrying the preamble. To limit transmission of ACK/NAK messages

on the reverse link by several MSs in a connected state, each MS is required to receive the

preamble before transmitting ACK/NAK messages. As a result, the MSs in the second first

logical connected state transmit ACK/NAK messages. In order for a MS to get into the second

first logical connected state, a preamble of the first data unit of a data packet must match at step

404. The "yes" indicator at the preamble match step 404 may be used to gate an ACK/NAK

reverse channel transmitted from the MSs.

Please replace the paragraph starting at page 16, line 27 with the following amended

paragraph:

Input data of the traffic channel is encoded in an encoder 612 and block interleaved in a

block 614 before Walsh covered in a multiplier 616. A gain element 618 adjusts the gain of the

traffic channel. The result passes through multipliers 650B and 650D for channel spreading.

The DRC message is encoded in a DRC encoder block 626. A Walsh generator 624 generates

the Walsh functions for Walsh covering the encoded DRC message in a multiplier 628. Walsh

covered DRC message and pilot data are multiplexed in a MUX block 630. The results are

summed in summer 694 with the gated NAK/ACK channel. The results of the summer 694 are

channel spread in multipliers 650A and 650C. Code generators 642 and 644 generate long and

short codes. The codes are muliplied multiplied in multipliers 646A and 646B to generate PN-I

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

Customer No.: 23696

and PN-Q. A block 640 may provide the timing and control functions. The PN-I and PN-Q are used for channel spreading performed by multipliers 650A-650D. The results of multipliers 650A-650D passed through filters 652A-562D. The outputs of filters 652A and 652B are summed in a summer 654A to generate I-channel, and outputs of filters 652C and 652D are summed in a summer 654B to generate the Q-channel.

Attorney Docket No.: 000325

Customer No.: 23696